

FATHER ABRAHAM.

FOR PRESIDENT.
L. E. H. RAUCH & SON,
PRINTERS.
101 N. 10TH ST.
PHILADELPHIA.

E. H. RAUCH & SON,
PRINTERS AND BOOKSELLERS.

OFFICE, No. 15 NORTH PARK STREET.

READING, TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 20, 1864.

National Union Nominations!

FOR PRESIDENT—

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT—

ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee.

NATIONAL UNION ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL.

MORTON M. MICHAEL, of Philadelphia.

THOMAS CUNNINGHAM, of New York.

REPRESENTATIVE.

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Robert F. King, | 11. Clara W. Hall, |
| 2. Geo. M. Carter, | 12. Charles W. Stuart, |
| 3. Henry Bump, | 13. John Wister, |
| 4. William H. Keene, | 14. W. M. Conaway, |
| 5. Burton H. Jenks, | 15. David W. Woods, |
| 6. C. M. Rank, | 16. Isaac Beaman, |
| 7. Robert Porter, | 17. John Patton, |
| 8. William Taylor, | 18. Samuel R. Dick, |
| 9. John A. Hoffman, | 19. Elizabeth R. Rorer, |
| 10. Richard A. Coryell, | 20. John P. Penny, |
| 21. Edward Halsey, | 22. Eleazar M. Jenkins, |
| 23. Charles F. Rice, | 24. J. W. Hatcher, |

COUNTRY TICKETS.

CONGRESS.

William M. Hiestor, City.

STATE SENATE.

Maj. William M. Briner, City.

ASSEMBLY.

Dr. E. E. Griesemer, City.

Lewis L. Custer, Army.

George W. Yeager, Berneville.

COMMISSIONER.

Jonathan Bieber, Sr., Easton.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

George Gernant, Heidelberg.

AUDITOR.

Henry Burkhalter, Hamburg.

CORONER.

John Y. Seiders, City.

Suppose a powerful, thoroughly organized and

outspoken party in the South would hold a Con-

vention of all the States in rebellion, say at Mont-

gomery, Alabama, and then nominate Senator Cla-

rence and John Minor Botts to run against Jeff Davis for

the Presidency, and also adopt a platform of prin-

ciples strongly denunciatory of Davis, Benjamin Alex-

ander, and Messinger, declaring for a suspension of hostil-

ities against the national authority and also against

the further enforcement of the rebel conscription,

what would the Union people of the country think

of it? Would we not feel the success of such a

Southern party? Would it not be the success of such

a party in the South at one end and the party by restoring

the national authority over where between the

Lakes of the North and the Rio Grande?

Just such a party in the South would do it, if

organized and tolerated against the rebellion, the

cooperators of the North are doing to day for it.

Every resolution of the party, every speech, every

editorial and every—yes, and every song, will be

directed to utter a war of words against the

rebel despots. But here, in the free North the

foolish traitor says just what he phrases and says

nothing that reassures to their hearts content. There

are Union men enough in the North to defeat them

at the polls, and there are soldiers enough in the

field—and still more are going to—finish up the

rebellion.

In less than five years no man will admit that he

is a seceder in this land. Those who will be able

to get rid of their record will be more than

able even the tones of the revolution were.

Serendipity to Hon. Wm. M. Hiestor.

His RETURN TO HIS HOME—AN UNEXPECTED RE-VEALING.

On Thursday evening the Young Men's Lincoln Club, with a band of music, and an immense gathering, started from its own Lecture Hall, and held a meeting at the residence of the popular Union candidate for Congress. After a few minutes by the band, Mr. Hiestor appeared and we received of his most cordial welcome, when upon he addressed the multitude as follows:

I am much obliged to the Young Men's Lincoln Club and to this large body of my friends and the friends of the Union, for the interest of this visit and this serenade. Of course I do not assume the responsibility as personally as I should. I know how it is in this position, which is upon a subject of such importance to Congress, and I think it gratified that you desire and expect from me some measure of acknowledgment. I need not say to you, many of whom have known me a long time, that I have been here and have steadily adhered to the democratic nominations up to the breaking out of the rebellion. But it is not known to some of you, and I think pleasant to me, that I have been here for some time, and at Fort Sumter fired upon the flag of my country. I cut my votes in such a manner as to encourage that within the administration of Abraham Lincoln in terms of peace and friendly efforts to crush out the original rebellion, not because it was the administration of Abraham Lincoln, but because it was the administration of the President of the United States, representative of the majority of the here and the government of this country.

I am neither a demagogue nor a politician, but a Union man—a Union man called for the war. I am not a soldier, and I have not been in the field, but I have been together by the common purpose to crush out the rebellion, restore the Union, re-elect Abraham Lincoln and re-establish and re-affirm forth time the principles of our government—the right of the majority to rule.

When the rebellion shall be crushed out, the Union restored, Abraham Lincoln re-elected and the right of the majority to rule re-established, I may again meet you as the democratic party, and I will not only be, but I make no small promises on that point.

This most unexcusable and unjustifiable act of rebellion in the right of nations, is a violent demonstration against the fundamental principle of our government—the right of the majority to rule. It is an appeal from the ballot box to the sword, an attempt to defeat by force of arms, by traitor's aid, the right of election fairly and fairly won.

The South endeavored with the aid of the friends of the North for this act of rebellion. The friends of the North for this act of rebellion. The friends of the North for this act of rebellion. The friends of the North for this act of rebellion.

Abraham Lincoln was elected President of the United States. He was not a seceder, but a Union man. When he elected the President of the United States, he was elected the President of the United States.

The South which had enjoyed the control of the government since its organization, under the name of the majority by which Abraham Lincoln was elected, rebelled and made war. They left Abraham Lincoln to rule over half of his rightful domain.

It is his right to govern the whole country. He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States. It is his right to govern the whole country.

He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States. It is his right to govern the whole country. He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States.

He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States. It is his right to govern the whole country. He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States.

He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States. It is his right to govern the whole country. He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States.

He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States. It is his right to govern the whole country. He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States.

He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States. It is his right to govern the whole country. He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States.

He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States. It is his right to govern the whole country. He was not the President of the South, but the President of the United States.

And a meeting of the Young Men's Lincoln Club.

AND A MEETING OF THE YOUNG MEN'S LINCOLN CLUB.

At a meeting of the Young Men's Lincoln Club, the following resolutions were offered by F. R. Smith, Secretary, and unanimously adopted:

Resolved—That the Young Men's Lincoln Club, in its efforts to secure the nomination of Abraham Lincoln for President of the United States, will support him with its whole strength, and will be the means of securing to him the status of a hero, a martyr, and a patriot.

Resolved—That in Andrew Johnson of Tennessee we recognize an able and worthy associate of our noble President. His noble ability, his executive and practical knowledge of public affairs, his untarnished patriotism and fidelity to the cause of the Union, make him a worthy and capable support.

Resolved—That we heartily approve and justify the nomination of William H. Seward for Vice President of the United States, and will support him with our whole strength, and will be the means of securing to him the status of a hero, a martyr, and a patriot.

Resolved—That we are for a honorable peace, that the national Union Party is the true Peace Party, and that the most approved and successful peace Convention are our victorious friends, Sherman, Fremont and Johnson.

Resolved—That we are for a high level, civil and loyal conduct on the part of the President, and support of the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we wish it to be distinctly understood that we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Resolved—That we are for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and will support the President, and support of the President, and support of the President.

Our Candidates.

Just compare our ticket with that of the seceders. We have Hiestor, and they have Anson, who goes in for secession. They have Chase, for Senator, and a seceder, to be sure, but a friend and defender of Vallandigham and Woodward, who have Major Brainer, one of the best and bravest soldiers alive. And we have Dr. Giesinger, Mr. Taylor, Mr. Custer, Mr. Gernant, Capt. Custer, and a host of other able and patriotic men, who are democrats only because they are patriots.

Old Belles.

Our prospects in Old Belles are very good. Many ones of both parties really consider Hiestor's chance of election very good. That many hundreds of honest democrats will vote for him, is certain. If Anson is elected it will be by the aid of his old agents, and not only in favor of secession, but he is said to be a Union Knight of the Golden Circle.

A Chapter of bad news for Cops.

The Maine election resulted in a sweeping Union Victory. Every Congressman elected is Union. The popular majority for Governor is about 18,000. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union. The Maine people are for the Union.

Who go for McCellan?

Vallandigham, the traitor goes for McCellan. Wall, the notorious copperhead and traitor is for McCellan. Every traitor who was confined in Fort Lytle, is a McCellan man.

Every man who clames for Peace and disgraceful submission, is a McCellan man. Every man who offers the standing in the name of the "abolitionists" commended the war, is for McCellan.

Every Rebel General, Colonel and Captain, is in favor of the election of McCellan. Every Union Knight of the "Golden Circle" is for McCellan.

Altogether, the leader of the Belles, George Henry, is a very strong McCellan man.

The McCellan of the Gunboat and the Spauld.

McCellan has been styled the "Hero of the Gunboat and the Spauld," and if we judge him by his works, he is well entitled to the appellation. In his recent letter of acceptance, he has shown himself a very incoherent jangler, and his attempt at selling two horses, won't gain him much credit.

By the middle of November he will consider the President the most cruel man, for ever taking him from his railroad in the West.

Union Election Tickets.

The Union Tickets for the October election, headed by the Hon. WILLIAM M. HESTOR, for Senator, and WILLIAM HESTOR, for Senator, are now printed and ready for distribution.

These may be obtained, by calling or sending to the Democrat and Zeitung, newspaper establishments.

Very bad for Anson.

According to the latest news, which is generally believed the notorious quack doctor, Mosley, was killed in a duel, on the valley of Virginia. This is a very serious blow to the Anson campaign.

The Young Men's Lincoln Club.

The Young Men's Lincoln Club, which has been called up their source and goes to work in earnest, by organizing a club to be called the "Young Men's Lincoln Club of Reading." The club members, over two hundred members, and is offered as follows:

1. When elected to any office, to do so with the aid of the club.

2. To be the President, Thos. S. Zimmerman.

3. To be the Secretary, Wm. Harry Raach.

4. To be the Treasurer, Wm. H. Moeger.

5. To be the Corresponding Secretary, Thos. S. Zimmerman.

6. To be the Recording Secretary, Wm. Harry Raach.

7. To be the Treasurer, Wm. H. Moeger.

8. To be the Corresponding Secretary, Thos. S. Zimmerman.

